



Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited

**Independent Auditor's Report and
Audited Financial Statements**

As at and for the Year Ended 31 December 2025

Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as at 31 December 2025 and profit and loss accounts, statements of changes in equity and the cash flow statements for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effects given in the Basis for Qualified Opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2025, and of financial performance and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), as explained in note # 2 and comply with the Finance Company Act, 2023, the Rules and Regulations issued by the Bangladesh Bank, the Companies Act, 1994 and other applicable Laws and Regulations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The Company, jointly with Phoenix Insurance Co. Limited, owns an eight-storied building including land located at Dilkusha Commercial Area, Motijheel. Only half of the first floor of the building, measuring 4,351 square feet, is used by the Company as its SME Branch, Share Department, and Store. The remaining floors of the building are rented out, generating rental income of BDT 10,007,589.00. This income is recognized as other operating income for the year ended 31 December 2025. Accordingly, the portion of the property not occupied for the Company's own use (i.e., excluding the SME Branch, Share Department, and Store) meets the definition of Investment Property under IAS 40 *Investment Property*. However, the Company continues to classify the entire property as Property, Plant and Equipment under IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment*, which represents a departure from IAS 40. In addition, the Company has recognized expenses relating to the space occupied by the SME Branch within its financial statements, despite the property being jointly owned and operated. This treatment is not fully aligned with the single entity concept set out in the IASB Conceptual Framework.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (IESBA Code), Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) and Bangladesh Bank, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) Bye-Laws. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The Company incurred a Net profit after tax amounting to BDT (3,392,556,991) during the year and reported Net Assets amounting to BDT (16,995,582,595) as of 31 December 2025. Furthermore, as part of our going concern assessment, we evaluated the maturity profile of the Company's assets and liabilities to identify any structural mismatches that may adversely impact the Company's liquidity position in future. As at 31 December 2025, our assessment identified a net liquidity gap of BDT 16,881,247,346, indicating a material funding deficit. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which is dependent on the successful implementation of emergency income-generating measures and the securing of additional capital funding. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Emphasis of Matters

Without modifying our opinion, we are drawing attention to the following matters:

1. The Company has revalued its land in 2017, and buildings in 2010. However, in accordance with Paragraphs 31 and 34 of IAS 16 *Property, Plant and Equipment* and Clause 1(5)(xxvii) of the BSEC Corporate Governance Guidelines (Notification dated 03 June 2018), such revaluations should be conducted with sufficient regularity—typically every three to five years—to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value. The Company has not performed any subsequent revaluations since those dates, resulting in non-compliance with the applicable standards and regulations. Furthermore, the Company has not reviewed the residual values and useful lives of its depreciable assets at the end of the financial year, which is a requirement under Paragraphs 51 and 56 of IAS 16. This also constitutes a non-compliance. In addition, the Company has not conducted any impairment testing of its fixed assets, which is a non-compliance with the requirements of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*;
2. In Note # 13.2 to the financial statements, the Company disclosed a Current Income Tax Payable of BDT 305,613,181. For Assessment Years (AY) 2023–24 (income year 2022), AY 2024–25 (income year 2023), and AY 2025–26 (income year 2024), the Company recognized provisions for income tax amounting to BDT 21,917,125, BDT 14,157,122, and BDT 14,250,000, respectively. However, in the income tax returns filed for the respective assessment years, the Company reported income tax liabilities of only BDT 10,412,511, BDT 8,124,781, and BDT 7,170,113, respectively, and settled those amounts accordingly. Despite this, the Company did not reverse the excess tax provisions amounting to BDT 24,616,842, which remained outstanding as of 31 December 2025. Furthermore, although the tax authorities have completed assessments up to AY 2022–23, the Company has not adjusted the Current Income Tax Payable balance to reflect the outcomes of those assessments. In addition, while recognizing the Provision for Current Tax for the year ended 31 December 2025, the Company did not comply with the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 2023, as required under paragraph 46 of IAS 12 *Income Taxes*;
3. In Note # 39 to the financial statements, the Company reported the Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets Ratio. As per DFIM Circular # 08 dated 02 August 2010, and Prudential Guidelines on Capital Adequacy and Market Discipline (CAMD) for Financial Institutions issued by Bangladesh Bank, the Company had to maintain Minimum Total Capital plus Capital Conservation Buffer @ 10.00%. However, the Company has maintained a Minimum Total Capital plus Capital Conservation Buffer of (109.68) %;

4. In Note # 2.20 to the financial statements, the Company disclosed that it maintains a Defined Benefit Gratuity Scheme but has not conducted the required actuarial valuation as per paragraph 67 of IAS 19 *Employee Benefits*. Instead, the provision is calculated based on year of service, which does not comply with the recognition and measurement requirements of IAS 19. As a result, the Employee Benefit Obligation may be misstated, potentially affecting the reported profit and equity. Besides, disclosures made in this regard in Note # 13.6 to the financial statements do not comply with paragraph 135 of IAS 19;
5. The Company disclosed the Dividend Payable of Tk. 383,883 as disclosed in Note # 13.6 to the financial statements. However, the Company did not transfer to unpaid dividends for 2019 and 2020, amounting to Tk. 383,883 to the Capital Market Stabilization Fund (CMSF), despite the passage of over three years, which is a departure from Rule 4(1) of the BSEC (Capital Market Stabilization Fund) Rules, 2021;
6. In Note # 9.1 to the financial statements, the Company disclosed Deferred Tax Assets amounting to BDT 140,792,394. However, the Company has been reporting taxable losses in recent years and is unlikely to generate taxable profits in the foreseeable future against which these deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Therefore, in accordance with Paragraph 27 of IAS 12 – Income Taxes, the recognition of Deferred Tax Assets is not appropriate. Additionally, the Company should include a disclosure explaining this position, as required under Paragraph 81(e) of IAS 12 *Income Taxes*; and
7. The Company has not implemented IFRS 16 *Leases*. For the year ended 31 December 2025, recognition of Right-of-Use (RoU) Assets amounting to BDT 47,656,524 and Lease Liabilities amounting to BDT 35,544,334 is required.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

<i>Description of key audit matters</i>	<i>Our response to key audit matters</i>
1. Measurement of provision for loans, advances and leases	
The process for estimating the provision for loans and advances portfolios associated with credit risk is significant and complex. For the individual analysis, provisions consider the estimates of future business performance and the market value of the collaterals provided for credit transactions. For the collective analysis, these provisions are manually processed and deal with voluminous databases, assumptions and calculations for the provision estimates of complex design and implementation.	We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following: • Tested the credit appraisal, loan disbursement procedures, monitoring and provisioning process; • Identified the loss events, including early warning and default warning indicators; and

<i>Description of key audit matters</i>	<i>Our response to key audit matters</i>
At year end, the Company reported total gross loans and advances of BDT 25,674.84 million (2024: BDT 25,930.65 million) and provision for loans and advances of BDT 14,823.62 million (2024: BDT 13,701.98 million). Our audit focused on the following significant judgements and estimates, which give rise to a heightened risk of material misstatement or management bias: • Completeness and timing of recognition of loss events in accordance with criteria set out in relevant DFIM and other relevant Circulars issued by Bangladesh Bank; • For individually assessed provisions, the measurement of the provision may be dependent on the valuation of collateral, estimates of exit values and the timing of cash flows; • Loans and advances unclassified and provisions released based on the injunctions from the Honorable High Court Division of the Bangladesh Supreme Court; and • The adequacy of down payments received at the time of loan and advance rescheduling, as a down payment is required under the relevant DFIM circulars and letters issued by Bangladesh Bank. Provision measurement is primarily dependent upon key assumptions relating to the probability of default, ability to repossess collateral, and recovery rates.	• Reviewed the quarterly Classification of Loans (CL). Our substantive procedures in relation to the provision for loans and advances portfolio comprised the following: Reviewed the adequacy of the Company's general and specific provisions; • Assessed the methodologies on which the calculation of provision amounts is based, recalculated the provisions and tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying information; • Assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards and Bangladesh Bank guidelines; • We have reviewed the relevant DFIM circulars and letters issued by Bangladesh Bank, which clearly require full receipt of the down payment prior to rescheduling. However, prevailing industry practice recognizes down payments made prior to the approval of the financial statements by the appropriate authority for purposes of determining the classification status of loans and advances and their eligibility for rescheduling. • Considered guidance given to the bank by Bangladesh Bank in this regard for this period; and • Finally, assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards and Bangladesh Bank guidelines.
<i>See notes # 2.23, 6 and 13.1 to the financial statements</i>	

<i>Description of key audit matters</i>	<i>Our response to key audit matters</i>
2. Recognition of interest income from loans and advances.	
Recognition of interest income has a significant and wide influence on Financial Statements. Recognition and measurement of interest income have followed circulars of Bangladesh Bank We identify recognition of interest income from loans and advances as a key audit matter because this is one of the key performance indicators of the Company and therefore there is an inherent risk of fraud and error in recognition of interest income by management to meet specific targets and expectations.	We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls over the recognition and measurement of interest on loans and advances: • We performed a test of operating effectiveness on manual control in place to measure and recognize interest income; • We have also performed substantive procedures to check whether the interest income is recognized completely and accurately; and • Finally assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards and Bangladesh Bank guidelines.
<i>See notes # 2.6, and 19 to the financial statements.</i>	
3. Measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities	
The Company disclosed deferred tax assets amounting to BDT 140.79 million, and BDT 108.08 as of 31 December 2025, and 31 December 2024 respectively. Significant judgment is required in relation to deferred tax assets, and liabilities as their recoverability and adjustment are dependent on forecasts of future profitability over a number of years.	We obtained an understanding and evaluated the design, and the operational effectiveness of the Company's key controls over the recognition and measurement of deferred tax assets & liabilities and the assumptions used in estimating the Company's future taxable income. We also assessed the completeness and accuracy of the data used for the estimations of future taxable income. We involved tax specialists in assessing key assumptions, controls, recognition, and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities. We also considered amendment to IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i> dated 5 May 2021 and effective from 1 January 2024 in recognizing and measuring Deferred Tax Assets, and Deferred Tax Liabilities. Besides, special consideration was given to provisions against loans and advances,

<i>Description of key audit matters</i>	<i>Our response to key audit matters</i>
	provisions against off-balance sheet exposure, interest receivables and payables against financial instruments. We have assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against IAS 12 <i>Income Taxes</i>.
<i>See notes # 2.26 and 9.1 to the financial statements</i>	
4. IT systems and controls	
The Company's key financial accounting and reporting processes are significantly dependent on the automated controls over the Company's information systems. As such there exist risks that gaps in the IT control environment, including automated accounting procedures, IT-dependent manual controls and controls preventing unauthorized access to systems and data could result in the financial accounting and reporting records being materially misstated. The IT systems and controls, as they impact the financial recording and reporting of transactions, are key audit matters.	We performed audit procedures to assess IT systems and controls over financial reporting, which included the following: • Tested the sample of key controls operating over the information technology in relation to financial accounting and reporting systems, including system access, system change management and computer operations; • Assessed the management's evaluation of access rights granted to applicants relevant to financial accounting and reporting systems and tested the resolution of a sample of exceptions; • Assessed the operating effectiveness of controls over granting, removal and appropriateness of access rights; • Tested the specific application controls for key financial reporting controls.
5. Impairment assessment of unquoted shares	
In the absence of quoted price in an active market, the fair value of unquoted shares and securities, especially any impairment is calculated using valuation techniques which may take into consideration direct or indirect unobservable market data and hence requires an elevated level of judgment and assumption.	We assessed the process and controls put in place by the Company to ensure all major investment decisions are undertaken through a proper due diligence process. We have tested a sample of investments as of 31 December 2025 and compared our results to the recorded value.

<i>Description of key audit matters</i>	<i>Our response to key audit matters</i>
Due to the high level of judgment and assumption involved in evaluating the impairment assessment of unquoted shares, we considered this to be a key audit matter.	We have assessed the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures against relevant accounting standards and other relevant guidelines.
<i>See note #13.1 to the financial statements</i>	

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us when it is prepared, and the same is likely to happen after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the Company in accordance with IFRSs as explained in note # 2, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. Finance Company Act, 2023 as amended and the Bangladesh Bank Regulations require the management to ensure effective internal audit, internal control and risk management functions of the Company. The management is also required to make a self-assessment of the effectiveness of anti-fraud internal controls and report to Bangladesh Bank on instances of fraud and forgeries.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act, 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987, Financial Institutions Act, 2023 and the rules and regulations issued by Bangladesh Bank, we also report the following:

- (i) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- (ii) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of those books;
- (iii) The Company's balance sheet, profit and loss account together with annexed notes dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- (iv) The expenditures incurred, and payments made were for the purposes of the Company's business;
- (v) The financial statements of the Company have been drawn up in conformity with the Finance Company Act 2023 and in accordance with the accounting rules and regulations which were issued by Bangladesh Bank to the extent applicable to the Company except as described in Basis for Qualified Opinion, and Emphasis of Matters paragraphs;
- (vi) Adequate provisions have been made for loans, advances, leases, investment and other assets which are, in our opinion, doubtful of recovery and Bangladesh Bank's instructions in this regard have been followed properly;
- (vii) The financial statements of the Company conform to the prescribed standards set in the accounting regulations which were issued by Bangladesh Bank after consultation with the professional accounting bodies of Bangladesh except as described in Basis for Qualified Opinion, and Emphasis of Matters paragraphs;
- (viii) The records and statements which were submitted by the branches have been properly maintained and recorded in the financial statements;



- (ix) Statements sent to Bangladesh Bank have been checked on sample basis and no inaccuracy has come to our attention;
- (x) In note # 9 to the financial statements, the Company disclosed advance income tax amounting to BDT 7,122,931 as of 31 December 2025. However, in note # 13.2 to the financial statements, the Company recognized a corresponding provision for income tax amounting to BDT 305,613,181 on the same date. As a result, the Company has yet to settle income tax amounting to BDT 298,490,250 with the tax authority as of the reporting date. Further, as disclosed in Note # 13.6 to the financial statements, the Company reported Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) and Excise Duty payable amounting to BDT 369,335,660 and VAT payable amounting to BDT 3,946,984 as of 31 December 2025. These liabilities had not been deposited to the government exchequer in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act 2023, the VAT and SD Act 2012, and relevant circulars issued by the National Board of Revenue (NBR). In addition, for the year ended 31 December 2025, the Vatable revenue reported in the financial statements amounted to BDT 10,057,121, whereas only BDT 2,607 was declared in the submitted VAT returns, resulting in an apparent under-declaration of BDT 10,054,514 (details provided in Note # 23 to the financial statements). Management did not provide any reconciliation to explain the variance. Moreover, the Company did not submit its audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2025 to the VAT authorities as required under Section 90(Ka) of the VAT and SD Act 2012;
- (xi) Nothing has come to our attention to indicate that the Company has adopted any unethical practice, such as “window dressing,” to inflate profit or to mismatch the maturity profile of its assets and liabilities;
- (xii) Proper measures have been taken to eliminate the irregularities mentioned in the inspection report of Bangladesh Bank and the instructions which were issued by Bangladesh Bank and other regulatory authorities have been complied properly as disclosed to us by management;
- (xiii) Based on our work as mentioned above under the auditor’s responsibility section, the internal control and the compliance of the Company is satisfactory, and effective measures have been taken to prevent possible material fraud, forgery and internal policies are being followed appropriately;
- (xiv) In Note # 39 to the financial statements, the Company reported the Capital to Risk-Weighted Assets Ratio. As per DFIM Circular # 08 dated 02 August 2010, and Prudential Guidelines on Capital Adequacy and Market Discipline (CAMD) for Financial Institutions issued by Bangladesh Bank, the Company had to maintain Minimum Total Capital plus Capital Conservation Buffer @ 10.00%. However, the Company has maintained a Minimum Total Capital plus Capital Conservation Buffer of (109.68) %. Furthermore, as part of our going concern assessment, we evaluated the maturity profile of the Company’s assets and liabilities to identify any structural mismatches that may adversely impact the Company’s liquidity position in future. As at 31 December 2025, our assessment identified a net liquidity gap of BDT 16,881,247,346, indicating a material funding deficit. In addition, the Company did not disburse any new loans or leases during the year;
- (xv) We have reviewed over 80% of the risk-weighted assets of the Company and expended approximately 2,571 person-hours on the audit of its books and accounts;
- (xvi) The Company has complied with relevant instructions which were issued by Bangladesh Bank relevant to classification, provisioning and calculation of interest suspense;

- (xvii) The Company has complied with the Section 33 of the Finance Company Act 2023 in preparing these financial statements; and
- (xviii) All other issues which in our opinion are important for the stakeholders of the Company have been adequately disclosed in the audit report.

Place: Dhaka, Bangladesh

Dated: 29 June 2026

Signed for & on behalf of

Mahamud Sabuj & Co.,

Chartered Accountants



Md. Mahamud Hosain FCA

Managing Partner

ICAB Enrollment No: 0833

DVC:

2606300833AS528781

Phoenix Finance & Investments Limited

Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2025

(Amount in Taka)

PROPERTY AND ASSETS	NOTES	2025	2024
Cash	3		
In hand (including foreign currencies)		48,801	150,336
Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent (including		180,590,731	110,636,574
		180,639,532	110,786,910
Balance with other banks and financial institutions			
In Bangladesh		427,603,740	379,648,575
Outside Bangladesh		-	-
		427,603,740	379,648,575
		608,243,272	490,435,485
Money at call and short notice	4	-	-
Investments	5		
Government		-	-
Others		135,103,486	139,047,098
		135,103,486	139,047,098
Loans, advances and leases			
Loans, advances and leases etc.	6	25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129
Bills purchased and discounted	7	-	-
		25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129
Fixed assets including land, building, furniture and fixture	8	587,945,332	622,223,066
Other assets	9	275,635,966	207,217,237
Non - business assets	10	99,522,911	194,988,911
Total assets		27,381,295,068	27,584,560,926
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL			
Liabilities			
Borrowings from other banks, financial institutions and ag	11	3,829,994,792	3,911,626,281
		3,829,994,792	3,911,626,281
Deposits and other accounts	12		
Current and other accounts		-	-
Bills payable		-	-
Savings account		142,313,856	193,196,987
Term deposits		17,128,822,653	16,995,736,267
Bearer certificates of deposit		-	-
Other deposits		-	-
		17,271,136,509	17,188,933,254
Other liabilities	13	23,275,746,362	20,087,026,995
		23,275,746,362	20,087,026,995
		44,376,877,663	41,187,586,530
Total liabilities			
Capital/shareholders' equity			
Paid up capital	14	1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950
Share Premium		87,408,700	87,408,700
Statutory Reserve	15	780,196,143	780,196,143
General Reserve		2,000,000	2,000,000
Revaluation Reserve	16	502,049,670	521,230,308
Retained Earnings	17	(20,025,979,058)	(16,652,602,705)
		(16,995,582,595)	(13,603,025,604)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		27,381,295,068	27,584,560,926

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

2025

2024

Contingent liabilities

Acceptances and endorsements
Letters of guarantee
Irrevocable letters of credit
Bills for collection
Other contingent liabilities

-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-

Other commitments

Documentary credits and short term trade-related transactions
Forward assets purchased and forward deposits placed
Undrawn note issuance and revolving underwriting facilities
Undrawn formal standby facilities, credit lines and other commitments

-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-

Total Off-Balance Sheet items including contingent liabilities

-	-
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Net Asset Value per share

31

(102.46)	(82.01)
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The accompanying notes form an integral part of this financial statement.

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on June 29, 2026 and were signed on its behalf by:


Chief Financial Officer


Managing Director


Director


Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date.

**Mahamud Sabuj & Co.,
Chartered Accountants**



Md. Mahamud Hosain, FCA

Managing Partner

Enrollment Number: 0833

DVC: 2606300833AS528781

Place: Dhaka

Dated: June 29, 2026

DVC No:

Phoenix Finance & Investments Limited

Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended 31 December 2025

(Amount in Taka)

PARTICULARS	NOTES	2025	2024
Interest income	19	496,244,806	492,040,032
Interest expenses on deposits, borrowings, etc.	20	2,404,830,587	2,627,383,597
Net interest income		(1,908,585,781)	(2,135,343,565)
Income from Investment	21	1,190,794	5,213,208
Commission, exchange and brokerage	22	-	-
Other operating income	23	42,196,648	43,072,003
Total operating income (A)		(1,865,198,339)	(2,087,058,354)
Salaries and allowances	24	163,329,486	190,835,167
Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity etc.	25	27,632,659	27,298,473
Legal expenses		1,604,080	1,158,196
Postage, stamp, telecommunication etc.	26	2,701,447	2,151,739
Stationery, printing, advertisements etc.	27	2,214,468	1,731,480
Managing Director's Remuneration		6,906,429	-
Directors' fees	28	1,484,500	577,000
Auditors' fees		315,000	1,437,500
Charges on loan losses		-	-
Depreciation and repair of assets	29	37,792,893	37,459,577
Other expenses	30	30,657,924	30,941,764
Total operating expenses (B)		274,638,886	293,590,896
Profit before provision (C=A-B)		(2,139,837,225)	(2,380,649,250)
Provision for Future Losses (D)	13.1(ii)	1,277,750,663	5,708,986,401
Total profit before tax (C-D)		(3,417,587,888)	(8,089,635,651)
Provision for tax			
Current		7,680,000	14,250,000
Deferred	9.1	(32,710,897)	(21,563,938)
		(25,030,897)	(7,313,938)
Net profit after tax		(3,392,556,991)	(8,082,321,713)
Retained Earnings brought forward from previous year		(16,652,602,705)	(8,589,461,630)
Amortized of Revaluation Reserve		19,180,638	19,180,638
		(20,025,979,058)	(16,652,602,705)
Appropriations			
Statutory reserve		-	-
General reserve		-	-
CSR fund		-	-
Retained surplus		(20,025,979,058)	(16,652,602,705)
Earnings per share	32	(20.45)	(48.73)

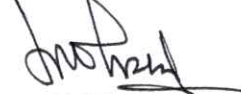
The accompanying notes form an integral part of this financial statement.

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on June 29, 2026 and were signed on its behalf by:


Chief Financial Officer


Managing Director


Director


Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date.

Mahamud Sabuj & Co.,
Chartered Accountants



Md. Mahamud Hossain, FCA

Managing Partner

Enrollment Number: 0833

DVC: 2606300833AS528781

Place: Dhaka

Dated: June 29, 2026

DVC No:

Phoenix Finance & Investments Limited

Cash Flow Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2025

(Amount in Taka)

PARTICULARS	NOTES	2025 Taka	2024 Taka
Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
Interest received	35	1,428,032,074	1,072,222,158
Interest payment	36	(1,535,629,756)	(1,891,427,168)
Dividend received		325,481	480,392
Fees and Commission received		-	-
Cash Payments to Employees		(170,235,915)	(190,835,167)
Cash Payments to Suppliers		(2,214,468)	(1,731,480)
Income Tax Paid		(6,993,986)	(7,184,441)
Received from other Operating activities	37	39,629,975	41,779,085
Payments for other Operating activities	38	(57,663,629)	(54,886,824)
Operating Profit before changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		(304,750,224)	(1,031,583,445)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities			
Purchases/Sale of Trading Securities		3,943,612	39,780,843
Loans and Lease Finance to Customers		255,805,028	234,338,877
Other Assets		(68,418,729)	(8,611,955)
Deposits received from Bank and Financial Institutions		45,000,000	140,000,000
Deposits received from Customers		37,203,255	(166,541,724)
Other Liabilities		233,683,850	838,599,639
Sub Total		507,217,016	1,077,565,680
A) Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities		202,466,792	45,982,235
Cash flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase/sale of securities		-	-
Proceeds from Sale of fixed assets		73,500	2,013,000
Purchase/sale of Property, Plant and Equipments		(3,101,016)	(4,012,670)
Purchase/Sale of Subsidiaries		-	-
B) Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities		(3,027,516)	(1,999,670)
Cash flows from Financing Activities			
Increase/(decrease) of borrowings		(81,631,489)	(307,321,236)
Payments for redemption of loan capital and debt securities		-	-
Received from issue of ordinary shares		-	-
Dividend Paid		-	-
C) Net Cash Used By Financing Activities		(81,631,489)	(307,321,236)
D) Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		117,807,787	(263,338,671)
Effect of Exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-	-
E) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		490,435,485	753,774,156
F) Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (D+E)		608,243,272	490,435,485
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year represent			
Cash in Hand		48,801	150,336
Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent bank		180,590,731	110,636,574
Balance with other banks and financial institutions		427,603,740	379,648,575
Money at call on short notice		-	-
		608,243,272	490,435,485
Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share	33	1.22	0.28



Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity
For the year ended 31 December 2025

Particulars	Amount in Taka					
	Paid -up Capital	Statutory Reserve	Share Premium	General Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earnings
Balance as at 01 January 2025	1,658,741,950	780,196,143	87,408,700	2,000,000	521,230,308	(13,603,025,604)
Items involved in Changes in equity						
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(3,392,556,991)
Dividends (Bonus Share)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends (Cash)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation made during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation of Land and Land Development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortized of Revaluation Reserve	-	-	-	-	(19,180,638)	-
Transferred to CSR Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2025	1,658,741,950	780,196,143	87,408,700	2,000,000	502,049,670	(16,995,582,595)
Balance as at 01 January 2024	1,658,741,950	780,196,143	87,408,700	2,000,000	540,410,946	(5,520,703,891)
Items involved in Changes in equity						
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(8,082,321,713)
Dividends (Bonus Share)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends (Cash)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation made during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation of Land and Land Development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortized of Revaluation Reserve	-	-	-	-	(19,180,638)	-
Transferred to CSR Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2024	1,658,741,950	780,196,143	87,408,700	2,000,000	521,230,308	(13,603,025,604)



Phoenix Finance & Investments Limited

Liquidity Statement
Assets and Liabilities Maturity Analysis
As at 31 December 2025

Particulars	Amount in Taka					
	Up to 01 Month	01-03 Months	03-12 Months	01-05 Years	Above 05 years	Total
Assets						
Cash in hand (including balance with bangladesh Bank)	48,801	-	-	-	180,590,731	180,639,532
Balance with other banks and financial institutions	50,000,000	111,000,000	120,000,000	146,603,740	-	427,603,740
Money at Call on Short Notice	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment in securities	1,350,000	126,253,486	-	-	7,500,000	135,103,486
Investment (Loans and Advances)	180,094,900	360,189,800	1,620,854,100	8,477,285,920	15,036,419,381	25,674,844,101
Fixed assets including land, building, furniture and fixtures	-	-	-	-	587,945,332	587,945,332
Other Assets	550,000	97,111,250	7,187,553	-	170,787,163	275,635,966
Non-business Assets	-	-	99,522,911	-	-	99,522,911
Total assets (i)	232,043,701	694,554,536	1,847,564,564	8,623,889,660	15,983,242,607	27,381,295,068
Liabilities						
Financing (Borrowing) from Other banks, financial institutions and agents	158,150,000	290,500,000	899,100,000	2,482,244,792	-	3,829,994,792
Deposits and other accounts	50,323,850	371,852,530	1,175,960,600	9,247,842,400	6,425,157,129	17,271,136,509
Provision and other liabilities	68,855,000	130,012,582	501,000,000	4,656,000,000	17,805,543,531	23,161,411,113
Total Liabilities (ii)	277,328,850	792,365,112	2,576,060,600	16,386,087,192	24,230,700,660	44,262,542,414
Net Liquidity Gap (i-ii)	(45,285,149)	(97,810,576)	(728,496,036)	(7,762,197,532)	(8,247,458,053)	(16,881,247,346)



Phoenix Finance & Investments Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2025

1 Legal Status and Nature of the Company

1.1 Legal Status of the Company

Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited was incorporated in Bangladesh on 19th April 1995 as a Public Limited Company under the Companies Act, 1994. The Company obtained License from Bangladesh Bank as a Financial Institution on the 9th May 1995 as required under Section 4(1) of the Financial Institution Act, 1993 (Amended as Finance Company Act 2023). The Company has changed its name to Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited from Phoenix Leasing Company Limited with effect from 1st February 2007 complying with all the legal requirements in that respect. The company issued shares through Initial Public Offering (IPO) in June 2007 and its shares were listed in both Dhaka Stock Exchange Limited and Chittagong Stock Exchange Limited on September 25, 2007.

1.2 Nature of Business Activities

The company extends Lease Finance for Capital Machinery, Construction and Medical Equipment, Energy Generating Equipment, Office Equipment, all kinds of Road/Marine Transports, Household and other essential items and Equipment for Business Enterprises like Mills, Factories, Financial Institutions, Banks and Insurance Companies as well as Educational Institutions, Clinics, Hospitals, Corporate Bodies and Individuals. The company also extends Direct Finance such as Short Term Finance, Term Finance, Real Estate Finance and Factoring facilities to Established Business Enterprises, Industrial Units and Individuals.

1.3 Head office and Branch offices

The registered office of the company is located at Eunoos Centre (Level-11), 52-53 Dilkusha C/A, Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh. The company is being operated through its Branch offices located at Chattogram, Khulna, Bogura and Dhaka districts in the country.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of Accounting

The accounts are prepared on going concern basis in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IAS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted in Bangladesh by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh except the circumstances where local regulations differ, the Companies Act, 1994, the Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (Amended as Finance Company Act 2023) and the Securities and Exchange Commission Rules, 1987, the Listing Rules of Dhaka and Chittagong Stock Exchanges and other applicable rules and regulation.

The presentation of the Financial Statements has been made as per the requirements of DFIM Circular No: 11, dated December 23, 2009 issued by the Department of Financial Institutions and Markets of Bangladesh Bank. The activities and accounting heads mentioned in the prescribed form, which are not applicable for the Financial Institutions, have been excluded in preparing the Financial Statements.

2.2 Going Concern Estimation

The Financial Statements, namely, Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account, Cash Flow Statement, Statement of Changes in Equity, Liquidity Statement and relevant notes to the Financial Statements and disclosures thereto, of the FI are prepared under historical cost convention on the going concern basis. Management of the FI has made an estimation that there are no possibility to liquidate the entity or to cease trading, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

2.3 Accounting for Leases

The Leased Equipment under the possession of the Lessees are accounted for under direct financing method in accordance with IFRS 16 "Leases". The aggregate lease receivable including unguaranteed residual value throughout the lease term are recorded as gross lease receivable while the excess of gross lease receivable over the total acquisition cost including interest during the year of acquiring the lease equipment constitutes the unearned lease income.

The unearned lease income is amortized to revenue on a monthly basis over the lease term yielding a constant rate of return over the year. Unrealized income is suspended where necessary in accordance with the requirements of relevant circulars issued by Department of Financial Institutions and Markets (DFIM) of Bangladesh Bank.

2.4 Accounting for Direct Finance

Direct Finance consists of Short-Term Finance, Long-Term Finance and Real Estate Finance. Outstanding loans along with the accrued interest thereon are accounted for as Direct Finance Receivable.

2.5 Investments

Investment in marketable ordinary shares has been shown at cost. Investment in non-marketable shares has been valued at cost. Full provision for diminution in value of shares as on closing of the year, if required, has been taken into account.

2.6 Revenue Recognition

Interest income from loans and other sources is recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

Lease Income:

The excess of aggregate rentals receivable over the cost of the leased asset constitutes the total unearned lease income. The unearned lease income is recognized on installment date as revenue on an accrual basis over the terms of the lease. However, lease income is not recognized if capital or interest receivable is in arrears for more than three months.

Interest on term finance and short term finance:

Interest on term finance and short term finance are recognized as revenue on an accrual basis and interest income on term finance is not recognized where any portion of interest is in arrear for more than three months.

Interest on real estate finance:

Interest on real estate finance is recognized as revenue on an accrual basis and no interest on real estate finance is accounted for as revenue where any portion of capital or interest is in arrear for more than six months.

Dividend income and profit or loss on sale of securities:

Dividend is recognized as income when the right to receive income is established whereas profit or loss arising from the sale of securities is accounted for only when the securities are sold/ offloaded.

2.7 Interest Suspense Account

Accrued interest on lease, term finance and housing loan classified as Special Mention Account, Sub-Standard, Doubtful and Bad/Loss are not recognized as income as per Bangladesh Bank's Guidelines. Such amount is transferred to Interest Suspense Account. The income is recognized on recovery of overdue amounts on cash basis.

2.8 Recognition of Fixed

1. The land and buildings are shown at fair value, based on the valuation by an external independent value less subsequent depreciation for building valuation is performed with sufficient regulatory to ensure that the fair value of the revalued asset does not differ materially from its carrying amount.
2. Accumulated depreciation is restated proportionately with the changes in the gross carrying amount of the land and building so that the carrying amount after revaluation equals its revalued amount.
3. Assets revaluation reserve is transferred to retained earnings each year equivalent to depreciation charged against revalued assets (Except Land).



2.9 Depreciation on Fixed Assets

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other fixed asset is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts to their residual values over their estimated useful life. Addition to fixed asset is depreciated from the date of acquisition of the asset at applicable rate.

Rates of depreciation on Fixed Assets as on December 31, 2025 are as follows:

Asset Category	Rate (%) p. a.
Air Conditioner	20
Building	5
Computer	20
Electrical and Office Equipm	20
Flat	10
Furniture and Fixture	12.5
Land	Nil
Machinery Lease	20
Motor Vehicle	25
Office Decoration	20
Telephone and Fax	20

2.10 Disposal of Fixed Assets

On disposal of Fixed Assets, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and gain or loss on such disposal is reflected in the Profit and Loss Account, which is determined with reference to the written down value of the assets and net sale proceeds.

2.11 Impairment of Assets

The carrying amount of the company's assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date whenever there is any such indication of impairment as per IAS 36. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of the assets or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses, if any, are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

2.12 Receivables and Others

Receivables at the balance sheet are stated at amounts, which are considered realizable.

2.13 Accrued Expenses and Other Payables

Liabilities are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed by the creditors.

2.14 Statutory Reserve

The Company transfers 20% of profit to its Reserve Fund in accordance with The Financial Institution Regulations, 1994.

2.15 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Fund

As per DOS Circular No-01 dated 01 June, 2008 issued by Bangladesh Bank the Company transfers 0.50% of profit to its CSR Fund.

2.16 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and Cash equivalent consists of short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.17 Cash Flow Statements

Cash Flow Statements is prepared principally in accordance with IAS-7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and the cash flow from the operating activities has been presented under direct method.



2.18 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The company calculates Earning per Share (EPS) by dividing the basic earnings by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. In accordance with IAS-33 "Earnings Per Share" which has been shown on the face of Profit and Loss Account and the computation of EPS is stated in Note-32.

Basic Earning represents earning for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders. As there were no preference dividends, the net profit after tax for the year has been considered as fully attributable to the ordinary shareholders.

Weighted Average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year represents the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the year plus the number of ordinary shares issued during the year multiplied by a time-weighting factor.

2.19 Transactions and Translation of Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Bangladeshi Taka at the rate ruling on the transaction date and the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies outstanding at closing date of accounts have been translated into Bangladeshi Taka at the closing date rate.

Foreign exchange gains/losses (if any) arising from such translations are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

2.20 Employees' Retirement Benefit-Gratuity

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme. Employees are entitled to gratuity benefit at the following rates:

- A. On completion of 5(Five) years Confirmed Service: 1(One) month's basic pay for each completed year;
- B. On completion of 7(Seven) years Confirmed Service: 1.5(One and a half) month's basic pay for each completed year;
- C. On completion of 10(Ten) years Confirmed Service: 2(Two) month's basic pay for each completed year.

2.21 Employees' Provident Fund and Group Insurance Scheme

The company operates a Contributory Provident Fund approved by the NBR and Group Insurance Scheme for its permanent employees. Provident fund is administrated by a Board of Trustees and is funded by contribution partly from employees and partly from company at a predetermined rate.

2.22 Provisions

Provisions have been recognized in the Financial Statements

- i. When the company has a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of past event;
- ii. When it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle that obligation;
- iii. When a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

2.23 Provision for Loans, Leases and Advances

Provision for lease finance, term and house building finance has been made in accordance with FID circular no. 08 dated 03 August 2002, FID circular no. 03 dated 03 May 2006, FID circular no. 06 dated 20 August 2006, DFIM circular no. 03 dated 29 April 2013 and DFIM circular no. 04 dated 26 July 2021 issued by Bangladesh Bank at the following rates:

Standard (STD):SME			0.25%
Standard (STD):General		Unclassified	1%
Standard (STD):Brokerage House, Merchant Banks and Stock			2%
Special Mention Account (SM)			5%
Substandard (SS)			20%
Doubtful (DF)		Classified	50%
Bad/Loss (BL)			100%

The provision made up to the Balance Sheet date is considered adequate to meet probable losses.

2.24 Events after the Balance Sheet Date

All material events occurring after the Balance Sheet date are adjusted where felt necessary or disclosed in Note-41.

2.25 Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of Financial Statements in conformity with International Accounting Standards (IAS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affects certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2.26 Income Tax

Current Tax

The company is a Financial Institution and therefore, the effective tax rate is 37.50%. Considering temporary allowable and disallowable expenses and income as per Income Tax Law, adequate provision for Income Tax has been provided for the year. However, any short provision if arises shall be accounted for in the year of finalization of assessment.

Deferred Tax

Pursuant to IAS-12 "Income Taxes" deferred tax is to be provided using the balance sheet method for all temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying value for financial reporting purposes.

2.27 Disclosure of Deviations

Disclosure of deviations from few requirements of IAS/IFRS due to mandatory compliance of Bangladesh Bank's requirements. Bangladesh Bank (the local Central Bank) is the prime regulatory body for Non-Banking Financial Institutions (NBFI) in Bangladesh. Some requirements of Bangladesh Bank's rules and regulations contradict with those of financial instruments and general provision standards of IAS and IFRS. As such the Company has departed from those contradictory requirements of IAS/IFRS in order to comply with the rules and regulations of Bangladesh Bank.

As per FID circular No. 08 dated 03 August 2002 investments in listed shares and unlisted shares are revalued at the year end at market price and as per book value of last audited balance sheet respectively.

In order to comply with the requirement specified in DFIM Circular No. 11, the company has charged the entire amount of difference in market value and cost price of marketable securities to the profit and loss account. However as per requirements of IFRS 9 investment in shares falls either under "at fair value through profit and loss account" or under "available for sale" where any change in the fair value at the year-end is taken to profit and loss account or revaluation reserve respectively.

As per FID circular no. 08 dated 03 August 2002, FID circular no. 03 dated 03 May 2006, FID circular no. 06 dated 20 August 2006, DFIM circular no. 03 dated 29 April 2013 and DFIM circular no. 04 dated 26 July 2021 a general provision at 0.25% to 5% under different categories of unclassified loans (good/standard loans) has to be maintained. However such general provision cannot satisfy the conditions of provision as per IFRS 9. At the year end the Company has recognized an accumulated general provision of BDT 85.11 million (out of accumulated provision of BDT 14,823.62 million) under liabilities.

As per Bangladesh Bank guidelines financial instruments are categorized, recognized and measured differently from those prescribed in IFRS 9. As such some disclosures and presentation requirements of IFRS 7 and IAS 32 have not been made in the accounts.

Bangladesh Bank has issued templates for financial statements which shall strictly be followed by all Banks and FIs. The templates of Financial Statements issued by Bangladesh Bank do not include Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) nor are the elements of Other Comprehensive Income allowed to be included in the Single Comprehensive Income (SCI) Statement. As such the Company does not prepare the other comprehensive Income Statement. However the company does not have any elements of OCI to be presented.

Departure from IFRS-16 : Changes of IAS-17 to IFRS-16 do not have any material impact, that is why we do not adopt/adjust IFRS - 16 in this accounting year.

2.28 Authorization

The Financial Statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the company on June 29, 2026.

2.29 Others

- i. The figures in the Financial Statements represent Bangladesh Currency (Taka), which has been rounded off to the nearest Taka;
- ii. Comparative information has been shown in respect of year 2024 for all numerical information in the Financial Statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current year's Financial Statements;
- iii. Figures of the year 2024 have been rearranged whenever considered necessary to ensure comparability with the current year.

3 A) CASH

a) Cash in hand

Local currency
Foreign currencies

2025	2024
48,801	150,336
-	-
48,801	150,336

b) Balance with Bangladesh Bank and its agent bank

Local currency
Foreign currencies

180,590,731	110,636,574
-	-
180,590,731	110,636,574

TOTAL CASH

180,639,532	110,786,910
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B) BALANCE WITH OTHER BANKS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (NOTE-3.2)

427,603,740	379,648,575
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TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (A+B)

608,243,272	490,435,485
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3.1 Cash Reserve Requirement (CRR) Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR)

Cash Reserve Requirement and Statutory Liquidity Ratio have been calculated and maintained in accordance with Bangladesh Bank directives.

3.1.1 Cash Reserve Requirement (CRR)

Required reserve
Actual reserve held
Surplus/(deficit)

175,674,762	176,522,635
180,615,535	110,439,544
4,940,773	(66,083,091)

Deposit with Bangladesh Bank is non-interest bearing and maintained to meet the Cash Reserve Requirement (CRR). As required by Bangladesh Bank(As per DFIM circular No. 03, dated 21.06.2020), CRR @ 1.5% is required to maintain (minimum 1% is required to be maintained in a single day) with Bangladesh Bank current account on all deposits taken from depositors other than Banks and Financial Institutions.

3.1.2 Statutory Liquidity Requirement (SLR)

Required reserve
Actual reserve held
Surplus/(deficit)

920,218,508	885,940,424
673,450,972	479,980,512
(246,767,536)	(405,959,912)

Fixed deposit maintained with other commercial Banks and Financial Institutions for maintaining Statutory Liquidity Reserve as required by Bangladesh Bank. Bangladesh Bank regulations require maintaining Statutory Liquidity Reserve (SLR) @ 5% including the CRR of 1.50% on total liabilities, excluding loans from banks and financial institutions.

3.2 Balance with Other Banks and Financial Institutions

Current Account

Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited
Bank Asia Limited
Modhumoti Bank Limited
National Bank Limited
NCC Bank Limited
Standard Bank Limited

2025	2024
14,249	14,939
25,213	25,903
10,117	13,807
11,303	11,648
110	108
80	80
61,072	66,485



Short Term Deposit

AB Bank Limited
Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited
Bank Asia Limited
BASIC Bank Limited
BRAC Bank Limited
Dhaka Bank Limited
Dutch Bangla Bank Limited
EXIM Bank Limited
Eastern Bank Limited
First Security Bank Limited
IFIC Bank Limited
Jamuna Bank Limited
Janata Bank Limited
Meghna Bank Limited
Mercantile Bank Limited
Midland Bank Limited
Mutual Trust Bank Limited
One Bank Limited
United Commercial Bank Limited
Pubali Bank Limited
Rupali Bank Limited
Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited
Social Islami Bank Limited
Sonali Bank Limited
South Bangla Agriculture Bank Limited
Southeast Bank Limited
Standard Bank Limited
The City Bank Limited
The Premier Bank Limited
The Trust Bank Limited
Union Bank Limited
Uttara Bank Limited

2025	2024
15,708	16,139
1,231	-
641,263	2,439,056
13,030	9,113
1,573	3,521
30,661	32,078
38,144,205	5,804,114
1,830	3,118
467,408	-
1,488	3,169
22,402	23,475
70,995	482,769
2,801	4,056
2,403	4,588
39,264,753	9,734,013
3,201	11,344
8,764,120	6,344,610
18,973	19,354
918,228	-
501,105	501,220
37,408	38,558
1,826,771	88,750
417,920	418,219
39,519	39,974
3,296	56,550
12,778,961	7,939,445
245,036	245,482
4,205,064	20,265,254
379,771	1,158,931
49,195	49,515
3,430	4,048
21,447	17,911
108,895,196	55,758,374

Fixed Deposit Receipt

Dhaka Bank Limited
EXIM Bank Limited
Hajj Finance Company Limited
Prime Finance and Investments Limited
Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited
Social Islami Bank Limited

54,304,767	108,715,976
21,130,604	19,471,450
45,000,000	-
140,000,000	140,000,000
48,719,141	46,791,601
9,492,960	8,844,689
318,647,472	323,823,716

Total

427,603,740	379,648,575
--------------------	--------------------

3.3 Maturity-wise grouping

On Demand
Up to 1 month
Not more than 3 months
More than 3 months but less than 1 year
More than 1 year but less than 5 years
More than 5 years

2025	2024
-	-
50,048,801	111,736,910
111,000,000	35,000,000
120,000,000	49,500,000
146,603,740	294,198,575
-	-
427,652,541	490,435,485

4 MONEY AT CALL AND SHORT NOTICE

-	-
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5 INVESTMENTS

This represents investment made by the company both in listed and unlisted securities. The investment is made up as under:

a) Government securities

Treasury bill

National Investment bonds

Bangladesh Bank bill

Government notes/bonds

Prize bonds

-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-

b) Other investments

Investment in non marketable ordinary shares

Investment in preference shares

Investment in debenture and bonds

Investment in venture capital

Investment in marketable securities

Investment in open end mutual fund

Other investments

Gold etc.

7,509,100	7,500,000
-	-
-	-
-	-
2,918,680	1,978,630
-	3,943,612
124,675,706	125,624,856
-	-
135,103,486	139,047,098

5.1 Other investments

Investment in non marketable ordinary

No of Company	Market Value/NAV	Cost -2025	Cost -2024
1	-	7,509,100	7,500,000

Investment in marketable securities

Mutual/Unit Fund

Manufacturing companies and others

2	424,067	2,918,680	1,978,630
7	90,676,634	124,675,706	124,675,706
0	-	-	949,150
9	91,100,701	127,594,386	127,603,486

Investment in open end mutual fund

Total

2	-	-	3,943,612
12	91,100,701	135,103,486	139,047,098

All investments in marketable securities are valued on an aggregate portfolio basis, at cost value, at the balance sheet date. Market price for securities not listed as on reporting date, has been shown at cost for calculation purpose and adequate provision for probable future losses has been made as per Bangladesh Bank guidelines. Market value of securities has been determined on the basis of the value of securities at the last trading date of the year (Last trading date was 30 December 2025).

5.2 Maturity-wise grouping

Up to 1 month

Not more than 3 months

More than 3 months but less than 1 year

More than 1 year but less than 5 years

More than 5 years

2025	2024
1,350,000	1,350,000
126,253,486	130,197,098
-	-
-	-
7,500,000	7,500,000
135,103,486	139,047,098



6 LOANS, ADVANCES AND LEASES

a) Inside Bangladesh

Short Term Finance (a.i)
Lease Finance (a.ii)
Term Finance (a.iii)
Real Estate Finance (a.iv)
Capital Market Exposure (a.v)
Staff Loan (a.vi)
Total Loans and Lease Finance

2025	2024
224,274,764	663,957,142
4,148,816,988	4,282,941,841
18,690,589,437	18,282,597,741
2,056,226,783	2,135,700,573
503,988,477	506,957,477
50,947,652	58,494,355
25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129

a.i) Short Term Finance

Revolving Credit
Loan against Deposit

120,005,073	560,237,320
104,269,691	103,719,822
224,274,764	663,957,142

a.ii) Net Investment in lease finance

Principal Outstanding
Interest Receivable
Total Investment in Lease Finance

3,602,096,698	3,809,038,974
546,720,290	473,902,867
4,148,816,988	4,282,941,841

a.iii) Term Finance

Principal Outstanding
Interest Receivable

15,753,703,944	16,218,027,871
2,936,885,493	2,064,569,870
18,690,589,437	18,282,597,741

a.iv) Real Estate Finance

Principal Outstanding
Interest Receivable

1,588,521,872	1,850,699,284
467,704,911	285,001,289
2,056,226,783	2,135,700,573

a.v) Capital Market Exposure

Own Subsidiaries and/or Sister Concerns
Other Brokerage House, Merchant Banks and Stock Dealers

-	-
503,988,477	506,957,477
503,988,477	506,957,477

a.vi) Staff Loan

Loan Against Provident Fund
Staff Car Loan
Staff Consumer Loan
Staff House Building Loan

14,915,143	24,492,635
22,468,586	20,107,962
12,302,748	11,376,837
1,261,175	2,516,921
50,947,652	58,494,355

b) Outside Bangladesh

Total Loans, Advances and Leases (a+b)

25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129
-----------------------	-----------------------

6.1 Maturity wise Grouping

Up to 1 month
Not more than 3 months
More than 3 months but less than 1 year
More than 1 year but less than 5 years
More than 5 years

180,094,900	188,500,000
360,189,800	690,500,000
1,620,854,100	21,691,000,000
8,477,285,920	2,487,033,497
15,036,419,381	873,615,632
25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129

6.2 Loans, advances and leases on the basis of significant concentration:

Loans, advances and leases to Allied Concern of Directors (Note-40)
Loans, advances and leases to Executives/Officers
Loans, advances and leases to Customer Groups
Industrial loans, advances and leases
Other loans, advances

734,576,502	740,537,587
50,947,652	58,494,355
797,089,539	880,904,736
18,845,635,862	18,726,097,114
5,246,594,546	5,524,615,337
25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129

6.3 Loans, advances and leases allowed to individual customer or Group of Customer exceeding 15% of Financial Institution's total capital:

	2025	2024
Outstanding amount to such customers at end of the year	15,883,321,902	15,333,495,037
Number of such types of customers	31	32
Amount of Classified Loans, advances and leases thereon	11,775,987,460	13,848,214,715
Measures taken for recovery	Case Filed	Case Filed

The amount represents the sum of total Loans, advances and leases (both Funded and Non-Funded) to each group of customer exceeding Tk. 454.56 million only which is computed @ 15% of total capital of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited i.e. Tk. 3,030.40 million only (excluding negative balance of Retained Earnings) as at 31 December 2025.

6.4 Sector-wise Loans, Leases and Advances:

Sectors

1 Trade and Commerce

2 Industry

- A) Garments and Knitwear
- B) Textile
- C) Food Production, Processing & Rice Mills
- D) Jute & Jute products
- E) Plastic & Rubber Industry
- F) Leather and Leather Goods
- G) Iron Steel and Engineering
- H) Pharmaceuticals and Chemical
- I) Cement and Allied Industry
- J) Paper, Packaging, Printing, Publishing & Allied Industry
- K) Wood, Furniture & Fixture
- L) Glass, Glassware & Ceramic Industry
- M) Ship Manufacturing Industry
- N) Electronics and Electrical Products
- O) Power, Gas, Petroleum, Water & Sanitary
- P) Transport and Aviation
- Q) Others
- Industry Total**

Composition (%)	2025	2024
4.91	915,946,442	1,272,588,006

3.47	907,697,404	900,474,801
14.26	3,831,690,961	3,698,074,792
2.34	559,989,102	606,905,990
0.00	-	-
0.06	14,414,488	15,058,191
2.79	747,114,269	723,520,939
14.82	3,846,430,693	3,844,556,556
0.27	15,398,216	68,878,378
6.06	1,575,346,245	1,570,273,187
8.29	2,244,524,116	2,149,391,459
0.00	-	-
0.79	215,620,959	205,537,241
8.67	2,000,765,175	2,247,612,826
4.23	1,171,296,497	1,096,891,154
0.03	6,570,552	7,446,629
4.98	1,247,252,564	1,292,365,528
3.98	1,193,787,443	1,031,355,017
75.04	19,577,898,684	19,458,342,688

3 Agriculture

4 Mining & Quarrying

5 Housing

- Individual/Retail Housing
- Project/Commercial Housing

6 Financial Corporation

7 Service

8 Consumer Finance

- Personal Loan
- Auto Loan
- Employee/Staff Loan
- Credit Card
- Loan Against Deposit

9 Others

0.52	135,319,618	135,262,118
0.00	-	-
2.76	646,807,872	716,246,308
5.47	1,409,418,911	1,419,454,265
1.96	503,988,477	506,957,477
8.44	2,281,921,098	2,190,353,471
0.04	8,489,522	9,312,136
0.23	39,836,133	59,918,478
0.23	50,947,654	58,494,355
0.00	-	-
0.40	104,269,690	103,719,827
0.00	-	-
20.05	5,180,998,975	5,199,718,435
100.00	25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129

Grant Total

6.5 Geographical Location-wise loans advances and leases:

- Bogura
- Chattogram
- Dhaka
- Khulna
- Total**

Composition (%)	2025	2024
0.59%	150,279,485	159,436,250
16.65%	4,273,874,299	4,732,156,016
82.48%	21,175,497,620	20,956,476,320
0.29%	75,192,697	82,580,543
100%	25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129

6.6 Grouping of Loans, advances and Leases as per Classification Rules of Bangladesh Bank:

Unclassified	Composition (%)	2025	2024
Standard	31.04%	7,970,719,988	1,550,110,002
Special Mention Account (SMA)	0.74%	190,680,242	1,389,425,310
	31.79%	8,161,400,230	2,939,535,312
Classified			
Substandard	2.24%	574,148,760	690,913,896
Doubtful	0.04%	10,895,104	3,284,492,621
Bad or Loss	65.93%	16,928,400,007	19,015,707,300
	68.21%	17,513,443,871	22,991,113,817
Total	100%	25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129

6.7 Particulars of provision for Loans, advances and Leases/Investments

Status	Rate (%)	Basis for Provision	31-Dec-2025 Taka	31-Dec-2024 Taka
General				
Standard (SME)	0.25%	259,288,737	648,222	56,966
Standard (General)	1%	7,711,431,251	77,114,313	15,174,940
Standard (Brokerage House/Merchant)	2%	-	-	196,590
Special Mention Account (SMA)	5%	147,011,703	7,350,585	61,220,775
		8,117,731,691	85,113,120	76,649,271
Specific Provision (Classified)				
Substandard	20%	428,672,701	85,734,540	96,635,465
Doubtful	50%	3,422,861	1,711,431	1,314,417,676
Bad or loss	100%	11,079,148,732	11,079,148,732	11,813,157,103
		11,511,244,294	11,166,594,703	13,224,210,244
Specific Provision (Other)				
2% extra provision for providing COVID related circular advantage			212,856,684	224,882,281
Required provision for Investments			22,355,131	23,183,297
Required provision for Other Assets			6,984,185	6,984,185
Required provision for Non-Business Assets			60,918,591	-
Required provision for Rescheduled Loan			3,268,794,120	216,397,818
Total Provision Required			3,571,908,711	471,447,581
Total Required provisions			14,823,616,534	13,772,307,096
Provision Maintained (Note No. 13.1)			14,823,616,534	13,701,984,938
Provision Surplus/(Deficit)*			-	(70,322,158)

6.8 Particulars of Loans, advances and leases:

	2025	2024
(i) Loans, Advances and Leases considered good in respect of which the Financial Institution is fully secured	8,126,018,187	140,022,307
(ii) Loans, Advances and Leases considered good for which the Financial Institution holds no other security other than the debtor's personal security	535,334,343	292,512,390
(iii) Loans, Advances and Leases considered good and secured by personal undertaking of one or more parties in addition to the personal security of the debtors	17,013,491,571	25,498,114,432
(iv) Loans, Advances and Leases adversely classified; provision not maintained there against	25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129



(v) Loans, Advances and Leases due by directors or officers of the Financial Institution or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person	2025 785,524,154	2024 799,031,942
(vi) Loans, Advances and Leases due by companies or firms in which the directors of the Financial Institution are interested as directors, partners or managing agents or, in the case of private companies as members	734,576,502	740,537,587
(vii) Maximum total amount of advances, including temporary advances made at any time during the year to directors or managers or officers of the Financial Institution or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons	16,000,000	4,500,000
(viii) Maximum total amount of advances including temporary advances granted during the year to the companies or firms in whom the directors of the Financial Institution are interested as directors, partners or managing agents or in the case of private companies as members	16,000,000	8,000,000
(ix) Due from Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-
(x) Amount of classified Loan, Advances and Leases on which interest has not been charged, should be mentioned as follows:	2025	2024
(A)		
a. Increase/ (Decrease) in provision during the year	(2,057,615,541)	5,693,269,015
b. Amount of Loan, Advances and Leases written off	188,064,442	-
c. Amount realized against Loan, Advances and Leases previously written off	7,917,261	51,530,888
(B) Amount of provision kept against classified Loan, Advances and Leases as Bad or Loss on the reporting day of Balance Sheet	11,079,148,732	11,813,157,103
(C) Amount of Interest chargeable to the interest Suspense Account	3,977,799,741	2,996,002,859
(xi) Loans Written off:		
(A) Cumulative amount of written off loans, advances and leases		
Balance at January 1	1,378,455,697	1,314,489,595
Amount written off during the year	188,064,442	63,966,102.00
	1,566,520,139	1,378,455,697
(B) Outstanding balance of written off loans, advances and leases		
Opening balance	1,275,771,895	1,263,336,681
Add: Amount written off during the year	188,064,442	63,966,102
Less: Amount realized/recovered during the year	7,917,261	51,530,888
Closing balance	1,455,919,076	1,275,771,895
Amount of written off loans, advances and leases for which lawsuit filed	1,455,919,076	1,275,771,895
8 FIXED ASSETS INCLUDING LAND, BUILDING, FURNITURE and FIXTURES		
A. Cost:		
Opening balance	1,320,316,061	1,310,239,060
Addition during the year	3,101,016	17,512,670
Less: Disposal during the year	(3,627,249)	(7,435,669)
Closing balance at cost	1,319,789,828	1,320,316,061
B. Depreciation:		
Opening balance	698,092,995	668,674,666
Addition during the year	37,379,023	36,853,998
Less: Adjustment on disposal during the year	(3,627,522)	(7,435,669)
Accumulated Depreciation	731,844,496	698,092,995
Carrying value*	587,945,332	622,223,066

*For details please refer to Annexure-A

9 OTHER ASSETS



Income generating other assets :

Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposit Receipt
Interest Accrued on Loan, leases and advances

2025	2024
9,592,553	11,106,821
51,523,882	-
61,116,435	11,106,821

Non income generating other assets:

Advance office rent
Advance Against Expenses
Advance Against Investments In Share
Advance Corporate tax
Deferred tax asset (Note-9.1)
Investment in Associates
Receivable from Phoenix Bhaban

4,597,923	6,396,423
826,073	375,008
72,963	72,963
7,122,931	17,582,624
140,792,394	108,081,497
58,590,261	63,592,504
2,516,986	9,397
214,519,531	196,110,416
275,635,966	207,217,237

Total

9.1 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax has been calculated based on deductible/ taxable temporary difference arising due to difference in the carrying amount of the assets and its tax base in accordance with the provision of International Accounting Standard (IAS)-12 "Income Taxes".

Deferred Tax Assets is arrived as follows:

Particulars	Carrying amount at Balance Sheet	Tax Base	(Taxable)/ Deductible temporary difference
Assets:			
Fixed assets net of depreciation as on December 31, 2025	587,945,332	960,509,164	372,563,832
Total		960,509,164	372,563,832

Applicable Tax Rate

37.50%

Deferred tax asset as on December 31, 2025

139,711,437

Deferred tax asset maintained as on December 31, 2024

108,244,641

Deferred tax income/(expenses) accounted for during the year

31,466,796

Liabilities:

Provision for Employees' Gratuity

2,882,551

(2,882,551)

Total

(2,882,551)

Applicable Tax Rate

37.50%

Deferred tax asset as on December 31, 2025

(1,080,957)

Deferred tax asset maintained as on December 31, 2024

163,144

Deferred tax income/(expenses) accounted for during the year

(1,244,101)

Deferred tax income/(expenses) accounted for during the year

32,710,897

10 NON- BUSINESS ASSETS

This is the type of Assets which is acquired by Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited to settle borrower debt (Loans, advances and Leases Outstanding) whenever the borrower is unable to repay the amount of debt. This one is provided apart from the Assets already given as collateral security to Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited at the time of sanctioning Loans, advances and Leases.

Movement of Non-Business Assets :

Balance at 1 January

194,988,911

194,988,911

Acquired during the year

-

-

Sale/Adjustment during the year

(95,466,000)

-

Balance as on 31 December

99,522,911

194,988,911

11 BORROWINGS FROM OTHER BANKS, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND AGENTS

Inside Bangladesh (Note-11.1)	
Outside Bangladesh	
11.1 In Bangladesh	
Secured Loans (Note No.-11.2)	
Unsecured Loans (Note No.-11.3)	
11.2 Secured Loans	
Secured Term loan from other banks and FI	
Pubali Bank Limited (Lien with FDR)	
11.3 Unsecured Loans	
11.3(i) Unsecured Short Term Loan and Overdraft from other banks	
Modhumoti Bank Limited	
Mutual Trust Bank Limited	
Bangladesh Development Bank Limited	
National Credit and Commerce Bank Limited	
South Bangla Agriculture Bank Limited	
The City Bank Limited	
Call Loan	
11.3(ii) Unsecured Loan from Bangladesh Bank	
Refinance against SME Loan	
Refinance against Housing Loan	
11.3(iii) Unsecured Term loan from other banks and FI	
Al-Arafah Islami Bank Limited	
Bank Asia Limited	
BASIC Bank Limited	
Dutch Bangla Bank Limited	
Jamuna Bank Limited	
Midland Bank Limited	
Modhumoti Bank Limited	
Mutual Trust Bank Limited	
National Credit and Commerce Bank Limited	
One Bank Limited	
Prime Bank Limited	
Shahjalal Islami Bank Limited	
Southeast Bank Limited	
United Commerce Bank Limited	
Uttara Bank Limited	
11.3(iv) Balance of Lodgments (Bank Reconciliation) from other banks and FI	
Eastern Bank Limited	
12 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS	
Institutions	
Banks and Other Financial Institutions	
Other Institutions	
Individuals	
Term Deposit Receipt	
Monthly Savings Scheme	
Total	

2025	2024
3,829,994,792	3,911,626,281
-	-
3,829,994,792	3,911,626,281
153,862,566	159,025,002
3,676,132,226	3,752,601,279
3,829,994,792	3,911,626,281
153,862,566	159,025,002
153,862,566	159,025,002
2025	2024
40,000,000	70,000,000
124,876,389	119,418,653
32,500,000	-
75,800,000	81,100,000
25,800,000	25,800,000
100,000,000	100,000,000
120,900,000	114,900,000
519,876,389	511,218,653
-	-
6,770,499	8,735,597
6,770,499	8,735,597
343,052,240	347,952,240
171,096,657	171,046,657
179,713,076	187,213,076
46,293,043	66,589,882
469,354,545	476,960,545
387,784,878	393,714,878
366,839,123	368,124,938
108,108,265	114,058,265
45,873,197	45,823,197
108,034,623	110,034,623
200,015,075	203,627,745
209,541,187	213,996,187
142,628,460	152,128,461
127,453,404	137,638,979
243,697,565	243,647,565
3,149,485,338	3,232,557,238
-	89,791
-	89,791
2025	2024
5,640,063,305	5,553,615,363
4,271,643,222	4,161,047,307
9,911,706,527	9,714,662,670
7,217,116,126	7,281,073,597
142,313,856	193,196,987
7,359,429,982	7,474,270,584
17,271,136,509	17,188,933,254

12.1 Movement of deposits :

Balance at 1 January
Received/renewed during the year
Repayment during the year
Balance as on 31 December

2025	2024
17,188,933,254	17,215,474,978
215,851,505	105,318,200
(133,648,250)	(131,859,924)
17,271,136,509	17,188,933,254

13 OTHER LIABILITIES

Provision for Loans, advances and leases/ Investments (Note 13.1)
Provision for tax (Note 13.2)
Interest suspense (Note 13.3)
Financial expenses payable (Note 13.4)
Advance and security deposit (Note 13.5)
Accrued expenses and other payable (Note 13.6)
Total

14,823,616,534	13,701,984,938
305,613,181	315,515,805
3,977,799,741	2,996,002,859
3,424,511,673	2,555,310,842
343,893,137	256,396,588
400,312,096	261,815,963
23,275,746,362	20,087,026,995

13.1 Provision for Loans, advances and leases/Investments

13.1(i) Balance at 1 January

Write off during the year
Recovery from Write Off During the Year
Provision kept against required for the year
Provision released during the year
Provision charged for the year (Note- 13.1 (ii))

13,701,984,938	7,999,290,675
(168,398,440)	(57,823,026)
12,279,373	51,530,888
2,219,478,975	5,973,635,574
(941,728,312)	(264,649,173)
1,277,750,663	5,708,986,401

Balance at 31 December

14,823,616,534	13,701,984,938
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13.1(ii) Provision charged for the year

General provision-Regular
Specific provision
Provision for diminutions in value of investments
Write off during the year
Recovery from Write Off During the Year
Non-Business Assets
Deferred Provision Adjusted

8,463,849	(140,858,698)
982,755,164	5,762,362,248
(828,166)	10,868,555
168,398,440	57,823,026
(12,279,373)	(51,530,888)
60,918,591	-
70,322,158	70,322,158
1,277,750,663	5,708,986,401

13.1(iii) Product wise break up of provision

Short term finance
Lease finance
Term Finance
House finance
Finance to Capita Market Exposure
Staff Loan
Investments in share
Non-Business Assets
Other Assets
Total

41,453,975	153,203,199
2,901,989,513	2,664,413,542
10,606,870,671	9,904,268,110
685,052,313	452,023,097
497,441,065	497,324,559
551,089	584,949
22,355,132	23,183,297
60,918,591	-
6,984,185	6,984,185
14,823,616,534	13,701,984,938

13.2 Provision for tax

Balance at 1 January
Provision made during the year
Transferred to/(from)
Balance at 31 December

315,515,805	301,265,805
7,680,000	14,250,000
(17,582,624)	-
305,613,181	315,515,805

13.3 Interest suspense

Balance as on 1 January
Add: Transferred during the year
Less: Amount of interest suspense realized
Write off during the year
Balance as on 31 December

2,996,002,859	2,420,540,244
1,096,847,418	731,452,165
(134,716,538)	(162,132,626)
19,666,002	6,143,076
3,977,799,741	2,996,002,859

13.4 Financial expenses payable

Interest Payable on Deposits
Interest Payable on Term Loan

2025	2024
1,960,988,082	1,644,481,057
1,463,523,591	910,829,785
3,424,511,673	2,555,310,842

13.5 Advance and security deposit

The amount received from clients as advance against finance and cash security deposit on the stipulation that the amount will be either adjusted with the outstanding rentals/installments or repaid at the end of term. This is made up as under:

Balance at 1 January	256,396,588	512,701,978
Received during the year	89,180,280	-
Repayment during the year	(1,683,731)	(256,305,390)
Balance as on 31 December	343,893,137	256,396,588

Breakup of advances and security deposits on the basis of category of finance is as under:

Lease finance deposit	31,851,487	33,214,948
Term finance deposit	601,796	830,469
Real Estate finance deposit	67,375	158,972
Sundry Deposit	10,589,714	10,187,343
Term Deposit Payable (Partially unpaid Deposit)*	300,782,765	212,004,856
Total	343,893,137	256,396,588

Advance and security deposit reduce the exposure with the clients and thereby reduce the risks. No interest is payable on advances while cash security deposits are interest bearing.

*Due to liquidity crisis and high customer demand, the Company face difficulties to repay the full amount of deposit at a time. This amount represent the depositor who submitted the TDR instrument to us and against therein partially paid.

13.6 Accrued expenses and other payable

Accounts Payable
CSR Fund
Other payables
Provident Fund
Provision for Employees' Gratuity
Provision for Expenses
Tax Deduction At Source and Excise Duty
Unclaimed Dividend
VAT payable
Total

13,471,475	18,884,507
2,005,073	2,005,073
768,655	768,655
2,575,914	1,072,947
2,882,551	435,051
4,941,901	4,175,814
369,335,660	230,120,573
383,883	383,883
3,946,984	3,969,460
400,312,096	261,815,963

13.6.1 Summary of Unclaimed/Undistributed/Unsettled Dividend

Year **Dividend Type**
2020 Final Dividend, (12% Stock) Fraction Share
2019 Final Dividend, (6% Cash and 6% Stock)

15,658	15,658
368,225	368,225
383,883	383,883

13.6.1 (i) As per the Directive No. BSEC/CMRRCD/2021-386/03, dated January 14, 2021, and the Capital Market Stabilization Fund (CMSF) Rules, 2021, dated June 01, 2021, of Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC) any entitlement dividend which remains unclaimed for a period of 3 (three) years from the date of approval or date of subscription, shall be transferred to the fund named "Capital Market Stabilization Fund" within such time as directed by the Commission or the Fund from time to time. Accordingly, we have transferred unclaimed Dividend (from 2007 to 2017) an amount of BDT 7,991,801.80 to the "Capital Market Stabilization Fund", SND A/C No. 0010311521301, the Community Bank Bangladesh Limited, Gulshan Corporate Branch, Dhaka dated on March 30, 2024.

14 SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized capital

300,000,000 Ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each

2025	2024
3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000

Issued, subscribed and paid up capital:

165874195 Ordinary shares of Tk. 10 each

Total

1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950
1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950

14.1 Pattern of shareholdings

Sponsors (Institutions)
Sponsors (Individuals)
General Public (Institutions)
General Public (Individuals)
Total

2025	2024
181,092,940	181,092,940
250,403,320	292,795,840
314,799,310	357,706,520
912,446,380	827,146,650
1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950

14.2 Classification of shareholders by holding (Regulation 37 of the Listing Regulation of DSE Limited)

Shareholding range	Number of Shareholders	Shares	Percentage (%)
Less than 500 shares	1459	243,919	0.15
501 to 5,000 shares	2414	5,242,516	3.16
5,001 to 10,000 shares	517	3,970,464	2.39
10,001 to 20,000 shares	365	5,431,618	3.27
20,001 to 30,000 shares	179	4,479,926	2.70
30,001 to 40,000 shares	91	3,281,205	1.98
40,001 to 50,000 shares	61	2,819,045	1.70
50,001 to 100,000 shares	129	9,457,004	5.70
100,001 to 1,000,000 shares	120	34,542,582	20.82
1,000,001 to 10,000,000 shares	28	78,296,622	47.20
10,000,001 to 100,000,000 shares	1	18,109,294	10.92
	5364	165,874,195	100

Year wise Total Number of Shareholders

Year	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Number of Shareholders	5,364	5,858	5,987	5,979	4,775

14.3 Capital requirement

Paid up capital
Required capital
Capital Surplus/(Deficit)

2025	2024
1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950
1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
658,741,950	658,741,950

15 STATUTORY RESERVE

Balance as on 1 January
Add: Transferred from profit during the year
Balance as on 31 December

780,196,143	780,196,143
-	-
780,196,143	780,196,143

16 REVALUATION RESERVE

Land of carrying value Tk. 20,429,593 and building of carrying value Tk. 101,787,241 as on 31.12.2009 were revalued on 13.10.2010. The board of director appointed G. K. Adjusters Limited for the above revaluation. Land was valued using current market price basis and buildings were valued replacement cost basis.

Again Land was revalued on 30.09.2018 with having carrying value Tk. 189,825,000 as on 31.12.2017. The board of director appointed Malek Siddiqui Wali for the above revaluation. Land was valued using current market price basis. The following revaluation surpluses included in the above total carrying value and addition during the year of Fixed Assets:

	2025	2024
Land (No Depreciation charged)	410,297,907	410,297,907
Building (5% per annum depreciation Charged adjusted)		
Balance as on 1 January	110,932,401	130,113,039
Addition during the year	-	-
Amortization during the year	(19,180,638)	(19,180,638)
Balance as on 31 December	91,751,763	110,932,401
Carrying Value as on 31 December	502,049,670	521,230,308

17 RETAINED EARNINGS

Balance as on 1 January
Add: Profit after tax for the year
Add: Amortized of Revaluation Reserve
Less: Prior year Adjustment from Fixed Assets Depreciation
Less: Transferred to statutory reserve
Balance as on 31 December

2025	2024
(16,652,602,705)	(8,589,461,630)
(3,392,556,991)	(8,082,321,713)
19,180,638	19,180,638
-	-
-	-
(20,025,979,058)	(16,652,602,705)

18 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Income:

Interest, discount and similar income (Note-19)
Dividend income (Note -21)
Fees, commission and brokerage
Gains less losses arising from investment in securities (Note-21)
Gains less losses arising from dealing in foreign currencies
Income from Financial Institution's assets (Note- 23)
Other operating income (Note-23)
Profit less losses on interest rate changes

496,244,806	492,040,032
325,481	480,392
-	-
865,313	4,732,816
-	-
59,084	1,830,275
42,137,564	41,241,728
-	-
539,632,248	540,325,243

Expenses:

Administrative expenses

Salaries and Allowance (Note-24)
Rent, Taxes, Insurance, Electricity etc. (Note-25)
Legal expenses
Postage, Stamp, Telecommunication etc. (Note-26)
Stationery, Printing, Advertisement etc. (Note-27)
Managing Director's Remuneration
Directors' Fee (Note-28)
Auditors' Fee

163,329,486	190,835,167
27,632,659	27,298,473
1,604,080	1,158,196
2,701,447	2,151,739
2,214,468	1,731,480
6,906,429	-
1,484,500	577,000
315,000	1,437,500
206,188,069	225,189,555

Non Administrative expenses

Interest, Fees and Commission (Note-20)
Losses on Loans and Advances [Note-13(ii)]
Depreciation and Impairment on Assets (Note-29)
Other Operating Expenses (Note-30)

2,404,830,587	2,627,383,597
1,277,750,663	5,708,986,401
37,792,893	37,459,577
30,657,924	30,941,764
3,751,032,067	8,404,771,339
(3,417,587,888)	(8,089,635,651)

Excess of Income Over Expenditure

19 INTEREST INCOME

Income from lease finance
Income from real estate finance
Income from staff loan
Income from term finance (19.a)
Overdue Interest
Total

5,119,733	58,153,373
7,740,847	55,520,792
2,979,281	4,696,124
450,997,444	352,644,700
29,407,501	21,025,043
496,244,806	492,040,032

19.a Income from term finance

From short term finance
From medium and long short term finance
From capital market exposure finance

84,036,488	70,533,096
366,960,956	267,265,493
-	14,846,111
450,997,444	352,644,700

20 INTEREST EXPENSES ON DEPOSITS, BORROWINGS, etc.

Interest on Bank Loan
Interest on money at call and short notice
Interest on Deposits
Total

645,346,255	659,403,900
15,077,864	10,744,755
1,744,406,468	1,957,234,942
2,404,830,587	2,627,383,597

21 INCOME FROM INVESTMENT

Capital Gain /(loss) on sale of Securities
Dividend Income
Total

2025	2024
865,313	4,732,816
325,481	480,392
1,190,794	5,213,208

22 COMMISSION, EXCHANGE AND BROKERAGE

-	-
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23 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Documentation Fee
Gain on sale of Fixed Assets
Interest on Bank Deposits
Proceeds on Final Settlement
Revenue from Phoenix Bhaban
Salvage Value
Service Charge
Total

25,468	39,000
59,084	1,830,275
32,027,318	31,296,236
5,000	133,874
10,007,589	9,462,643
48,125	289,550
24,064	20,425
42,196,648	43,072,003

24 SALARIES AND ALLOWANCES

Employees' Salaries
Festival Bonus
Gratuity Fund
Leave Fare Assistance
Total

2025	2024
147,432,611	144,132,862
12,226,322	17,360,672
3,500,000	22,733,600
170,553	6,608,033
163,329,486	190,835,167

25 RENT, TAXES, INSURANCE, ELECTRICITY etc.

Electricity Bill
GAS and WASA Bill
Holding and Vehicle Tax
Insurance Premium
Office Rent
Total

5,086,303	5,153,512
843,690	807,683
624,813	588,708
245,867	348,772
20,831,986	20,399,798
27,632,659	27,298,473

26 POSTAGE, STAMP, TELECOMMUNICATION etc.

Internet Bill
Mobile Bill
Phone Bill
Postage, Stamp and Courier
Total

1,500,114	1,087,810
812,467	699,965
186,424	171,814
202,442	192,150
2,701,447	2,151,739

27 STATIONERY, PRINTING, ADVERTISEMENTS etc.

Advertisement and Publicity
Books and Periodicals
Printing and Stationery
Total

2025	2024
1,155,957	736,257
121,664	110,199
936,847	885,024
2,214,468	1,731,480



28 DIRECTORS' FEES

The Company pays fees to its Directors for attending the Board meetings and its Committee meetings as permitted by the Bangladesh Bank. As per Bangladesh Bank Circular, a Director may be paid fees for attending Board or its Committee meetings which shall not exceed Tk. 8,000 for attending each meeting. Details are as under:

Total Board Meetings (nos.)	13	14
Total Board Executive Committee Meetings (nos.)	0	0
Total Board Audit Committee Meetings (nos.)	4	4
Total fees paid (in Taka)	1,484,500	577,000
Total members of the Board (nos.)	4	3
Quorum for Board Meeting (nos.)	3	3
Average number of Directors present in the Board Meetings (nos.)	4	3
Quorum for Board Audit Committee Meeting (nos.)	3	2
Average no. of Directors present in the Committee Meetings (nos.)	3	2

29 DEPRECIATION AND REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF ASSETS

Depreciation of Fixed Assets	37,378,751	36,853,998
Computer Maintenance	321,748	524,952
Photocopier Maintenance	92,394	80,627
Total	37,792,893	37,459,577

30 OTHER EXPENSES

	2025	2024
AGM Expenses	2,284,580	1,599,945
Bank Charge and Excise Duty	1,809,404	1,455,630
Business Development Expense	245,706	14,080
CDBL and Stock Exchange Charge	134,900	957,925
Computer and Software Development Expenses	297,350	247,399
Credit Rating Fee	107,500	107,500
Bond Issue Expenses	-	500,000
Loss from Associates	5,002,243	7,194,002
Staff Training and Recruitment Fee	243,880	33,000
Motor Vehicle Expenses	2,541,465	1,784,137
Penalty Charge for Non-Compliance Issues	1,900,000	600,000
Office Expenses	3,934,207	3,835,140
Office Maintenance	1,950,522	1,769,728
RJSC Fees and Expenses	174,630	26,560
Service Charge (Office)	2,061,291	2,124,117
Subscription and Fees	1,264,400	1,355,805
Travelling and Conveyance	1,285,469	1,019,000
Wages	5,420,377	6,317,796
Total	30,657,924	30,941,764

31 NET ASSET VALUE (NAV) PER SHARE

Shareholders' Equity (A)	(16,995,582,595)	(13,603,025,604)
Total Number of Ordinary Share (B)	165,874,195	165,874,195
Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (A÷B)	(102.46)	(82.01)

Reason for changes in Net Assets Value (NAV) Per Share:

NAV per Share for the year ended on December 31, 2025 stands BDT (102.46), which was BDT (82.01) in the same period of previous year. The reason behind this decline is increase negative Equity which stands to (16,881.25) from (13,603.03) during the year.



32 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share shown in the face of the Profit and Loss Account is calculated in accordance with International Accounting Standard 33: "Earnings Per Share". Basic earnings per share has been calculated as follows:

Profits attributable to ordinary shareholders (Net Profit After Tax)	(3,392,556,991)	(8,082,321,713)
Number of Ordinary shares at 1 January	165,874,195	165,874,195
Bonus shares issued	-	-
Right shares issued	-	-
Total Number of Ordinary Share	165,874,195	165,874,195
Earnings per share	(20.45)	(48.73)

Reason for changes in Earnings Per Share (EPS):

EPS of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited for the year ended on December 31, 2025 is BDT (20.45), which was BDT (48.73) in the same period of previous year. This improvement was primarily attributable to a significant decrease in provision for classified loans, advances and investments by 2,057.62 million). Total operating income increased by BDT 221.86 million, and operating expense also decreased by BDT 18.95 million.

33 NET OPERATING CASH FLOW PER SHARE (NOCFPS)

Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities (A)	202,466,792	45,982,235
Total Number of Ordinary Share(B)	165,874,195	165,874,195
Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share (NOCFPS) (A÷B)	1.22	0.28

Reason for changes in Net Operating Cash Flows Per Share (NOCFPS):

NOCFS of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited for the year ended on December 31, 2025 is BDT 1.22, which was BDT 0.28 in the same period of previous year. This improvement was primarily attributable to a significant recovery from classified loans, advances and investments during the year 2025.

34 RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT WITH CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

	2025	2024
Net profit after tax	(3,392,556,991)	(8,082,321,713)
Items not involved in cash movement:		
Add: Depreciation	37,378,751	36,853,998
Add: Provision for loans and investments	1,277,750,663	5,708,986,401
Add: Provision for taxation	7,680,000	14,250,000
Add/ (Less): Accrued expenses	869,200,831	735,956,429
Add/ (Less): Accrued income	(50,009,614)	4,719,511
Less: Gain on disposal of fixed assets	(59,084)	(1,830,275)
Increase/(Decrease) in Employee gratuity	2,447,500	(54,185)
Increase/(Decrease) in Deferred tax	(32,710,897)	(21,563,938)
Adjustments to reconcile net profit after tax to net cash provided by operating activities	(1,280,878,841)	(1,605,003,772)
Increase/(decrease) in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans & advances	255,805,028	234,338,877
(Increase)/Decrease in Other assets	82,203,255	(26,541,724)
Increase/(Decrease) in term loan	(81,631,489)	(303,921,236)
Increase/(Decrease) in Short term loan	-	(3,400,000)
Increase/(Decrease) in Term & other deposits	1,098,375,330	1,640,321,098
Increase/(Decrease) in payable and accrued expenses	138,496,133	95,938,992
(Increase)/Decrease in Income tax	(9,902,624)	14,250,000
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	202,466,792	45,982,235



35 INTEREST RECEIVED

Interest Income
Add: Opening Interest Receivable on FDR
Less: Closing Interest Receivable on FDR
Add: Closing Interest Suspense Account
Less: Opening Interest Suspense Account
Total

2025	2024
496,244,806	492,040,032
11,106,821	15,826,332
(61,116,435)	(11,106,821)
3,977,799,741	2,996,002,859
(2,996,002,859)	(2,420,540,244)
1,428,032,074	1,072,222,158

36 INTEREST PAYMENT

Interest Expenses
Add: Opening Interest payable on Deposit and Borrowings
Less: Closing Interest payable on Deposit and Borrowings
Total

(2,404,830,587)	(2,627,383,597)
(2,555,310,842)	(1,819,354,413)
3,424,511,673	2,555,310,842
(1,535,629,756)	(1,891,427,168)

37 RECEIVED FROM OTHER OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Documentation Fee
Received from Phoenix Bhaban
Interest on Bank Deposits
Proceeds on Final Settlement
Salvage Value
Service Charge
Total

25,468	39,000
7,500,000	10,000,000
32,027,318	31,296,236
5,000	133,874
48,125	289,550
24,064	20,425
39,629,975	41,779,085

38 PAYMENTS FOR OTHER OPERATING ACTIVITIES

AGM Expenses
Assets Maintenance
Audit Fee
Bank Charge and Excise Duty
Business Development Expense
CDBL and Stock Exchange Charge
Computer and Software Development Expenses
Credit Rating Fee
Directors' Fees
Legal expenses
Motor Vehicle Expenses
Office Expenses
Office Maintenance
Postage, Stamp, Telecommunication etc.
Rent, Taxes, Insurance, Electricity etc.
RJSC Fees and Expenses
Service Charge (Office)
Subscription and Fees
Travelling and Conveyance
Wages
Total

2025	2024
(2,284,580)	(1,599,945)
(414,142)	(605,579)
(315,000)	(1,437,500)
(1,809,404)	(1,455,630)
(245,706)	(14,080)
(134,900)	(1,500)
(297,350)	(247,399)
(107,500)	(107,500)
(1,484,500)	(577,000)
(1,604,080)	(1,158,196)
(2,541,465)	(1,784,137)
(3,934,207)	(3,835,140)
(1,950,522)	(1,769,728)
(2,701,447)	(2,151,739)
(27,632,659)	(27,298,473)
(174,630)	(26,560)
(2,061,291)	(2,124,117)
(1,264,400)	(1,355,805)
(1,285,469)	(1,019,000)
(5,420,377)	(6,317,796)
(57,663,629)	(54,886,824)



39 CAPITAL ADEQUACY BASED ON BASEL-II

Core Capital(Tier-I)

Paid-up Capital	1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950
Share Premium	87,408,700	87,408,700
Statutory Reserve	780,196,143	780,196,143
General Reserve	2,000,000	2,000,000
Retained Earnings	(20,025,979,058)	(16,652,602,705)
Sub-Total	(17,497,632,265)	(14,124,255,912)

Deduction from Tier-1 (Core Capital)

Shortfall in provisions required against classified assets	-	(70,322,158)
Total Eligible :Tier-1 Capital	(17,497,632,265)	(14,194,578,070)

Supplementary Capital(Tier-II)

General Provision	-	202,152,608
(Unclassified loans up to specified limit +SMA + off Balance Sheet Exposure)	251,024,835	260,615,154
Assets Revaluation Reserve (50%)		
Sub-Total	251,024,835	462,767,762
A. Total Eligible Capital	(17,246,607,430)	(13,731,810,308)

B. Risk Weighted Assets

Credit Risk	15,314,709,622	15,219,308,664
On Balance Sheet	15,314,709,622	15,219,308,664
Off-Balance Sheet	-	-
Market Risk	255,200,000	263,000,000
Operational Risk	279,600,000	689,900,000
Total Risk Weighted Assets	15,849,509,622	16,172,208,664
C. Minimum Required Capital(MCR) on RWA	1,584,950,962	1,617,220,866
(10% of RWA for both under CAMD)		
D. Capital Surplus/(Shortfall)(A-C)	(18,831,558,392)	(15,349,031,174)

Total Capital Adequacy Ratios

Capital Requirement	-108.81%	-84.91%
Core Capital(Tier-I)	Required (%)	Held on 2025
Supplementary Capital(Tier-II)	5	-109.68%
	-	1.58%
		Held on 2024
		-87.77%
		2.86%

40 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company in normal course of business carried out a number of transactions with other entities that fall within the definition of related party contained in International Accounting Standard 24: Related Party Disclosures. Balance of the significant related party transactions at the end of the year 31 December 2025 are as follows:

Loans, Advances and Leases (Assets with related party)

Name of the related party	Nature of transaction	Relationship	Balance at 1 January, 2025	Addition	Adjustment	Balance at 31 December, 2025
Appollo Ispat Complex Limited	Term Finance	Common Sponsor	732,245,574	17,250	-	732,262,824
Mohammad Mohsin	Loan against Deposit	Director	1,029,428	-	670,062	359,366
Shahida Mohsin	Loan against Deposit	Wife of Mohammad Mohsin	4,880,978	-	4,641,442	239,536
Shahida Mohsin	Lease Finance	Wife of Mohammad Mohsin	2,381,607	-	666,831	1,714,776
Total			740,537,587	17,250	5,978,335	734,576,502

Equity Investment (Associate Exposure)

Name of the related party	Nature of transaction	Relationship	Balance at 1 January, 2025	Addition	Adjustment	Balance at 31 December, 2025
Phoenix Securities	Equity Investment	Associate Company	63,592,504	-	5,002,243	58,590,261

Deposits (Liabilities with related party)

Name of the related party	Nature of transaction	Relationship	Balance at 1 January, 2025	Addition	Adjustment	Balance at 31 December, 2025
Mohammed	Term Deposit	Chairman	21,000,000	-	1,000,000	20,000,000
Mohammad Haider Ali	Term Deposit	Brother of Mohammad Mohsin	60,615,000	-	-	60,615,000
Nazneen Sultana	Term Deposit	Sister of Mohammad Mohsin	25,593,754	-	25,593,754	-
Yasmin Sultana	Term Deposit	Sister of Mohammad Mohsin	26,593,754	-	1,000,000	25,593,754
Shabnaz Sultana	Term Deposit	Daughter of Rafiqul Islam(Sponsor)	2,165,567	191,878	-	2,357,445
Sharmin Sultana	Term Deposit	Daughter of Rafiqul Islam(Sponsor)	5,267,712	321,300	-	5,589,012
Meherun Haque	Term Deposit	Director	4,969,908	270,892	-	5,240,800
Mazharul Hoque	Term Deposit	Husband of Mrs. Meherun Haque	67,281,224	1,088,000	11,000,000	57,369,224
Manzoorul Hoque	Term Deposit	Son of Mrs. Meherun Haque	9,730,000	569,539	-	10,299,539
Sadaf Haque	Term Deposit	Daughter of Mrs. Meherun Haque	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Mohammed Shoeb	Term Deposit	Sponsor	72,435,198	827,950	6,000,000	67,263,148

Total	279,652,117	3,269,559	43,593,754	239,327,922
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41 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No Material events occurring after the Balance Sheet date came to our notice, which could materially affect the amounts or disclosures in these Financial Statements. The Board of Directors has recommended no dividend for the year ended December 31, 2024 subject to the approval of the shareholders' meeting and appropriate authority if required.

42 BOARD MEETINGS AND NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

During the year 2025, 13 (Thirteen) Board Meetings were held. As on 31st December 2025, there were average 04 members in the Board. As per Finance Company Act 2023, a Finance Companies shall have maximum 15 (Fifteen) Directors in the Board. The Managing Director is an ex-officio Director having no voting right.

43 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

A total number of 103 employees and 21 sub staffs were employed in Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited as of 31 December 2025.

44 Disclosure of Key management Benefits:

Key management personnel comprises the Management Committee, including the Managing Director who exercise significant authority and play strategic role in the company. Salaries and allowances includes key management compensation which is furnished below:

	2025	2024
Basic Pay	29,924,151	44,358,746
Other Allowances	31,970,896	58,260,624
Total	61,895,047	102,619,370
Total number of person	17	20

45 AUDIT COMMITTEE

a) Members of Audit Committee

The Board Audit Committee of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited has been constituted with the following Board of Directors.

Name	Position in the Board of Directors	Designation in the Audit Committee	Educational Qualification
Barrister Rashna Imam	Independent Director	Chairman	Barrister-at-Law and LL.M
Brig. Gen. (Retd) Mahbub Ahmend Zakaria	Independent Director	Member	Post Graduate
Mr. F. Hayder Ali	Nominee Director (Representing Phoenix Insurance PLC)	Member	Post Graduate

b) Meetings of Audit Committee

During January 01 to December 31, 2025, 4 (Four) Meetings of the Board Audit Committee of the Board were held in which among others, the following issues were discussed:

- Regular review of the Internal and External (Including Bangladesh Bank) Inspection and Audit Reports with a view to implementing the suggestions of Internal and External Auditors in respect of Internal Control Structure and Techniques;
- Regular review of the Quarterly Operations Reports on the operational functions of each Branch of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited (PFIL) with a view to ensuring proper operational function of the Company;
- Reviewed un-audited draft Financial Statements and draft Management Reports of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited (PFIL);
- Evaluated the status of compliance culture related to Internal Control System built by the Management.



c) Internal Control

The following steps have been taken for implementation of Internal Control Procedure of Phoenix Finance and Investments Limited (PFIL):

i) Internal Control and Compliance Division carried out Internal Audit with a view to enriching the compliance culture and full control on the business operations. The Division directly reports simultaneously to the Managing Director and to the Board Audit Committee;

ii) Regular monitoring has been done for the effectiveness of the quality control policies and procedures with the effect to evaluate the application of Internal Control System and Internal Audit Policy, Policy for Financial Risk and existing rules and regulations;

iii) To Establish the Control Policies and Procedures and Verification that the Control Policies and Procedures are in order;

iv) To establish Planning, Organizing and Supervising culture and monitoring of Audit and Inspection of the Branches and that of different Divisions of Head Office and conducting surprise inspections at Branches;

v) To Monitor and Comply with Applicable Laws, Regulations and Internal Policies Including Core Risk Management Guidelines of the Company;

vi) Strengthening the structure of compliance framework for better functioning of the operation; and

vii) To guard against money laundering and terrorist financing.

Financial Highlights as Required by Bangladesh Bank

For the year ended 31 December 2025

Sl. No.

	2025	2024
1 Paid up Capital	1,658,741,950	1,658,741,950
2 Total Capital (core+ supplementary)	(16,995,582,595)	(13,603,025,604)
3 Capital surplus/(deficit)	18,654,324,545	15,261,767,554
4 Total Assets	27,381,295,068	27,584,560,926
5 Total Term Deposit Receipts	17,271,136,509	17,188,933,254
6 Total Loans, Advances and Leases	25,674,844,101	25,930,649,129
7 Total Contingent Liabilities and Commitments	-	-
8 Credit Deposit Ratio (%)	148.66%	150.86%
9 Percentage of classified loans against total Loans, Advances and Leases	68.21%	88.66%
10 Profit after Tax and provision	(3,392,556,991)	(8,082,321,713)
11 Amount of classified loans	17,513,443,871	22,991,113,817
12 Provisions kept against classified loan	11,916,301,918	13,381,650,157
13 Provision surplus / (deficit)	-	(70,322,158)
14 Cost of Fund	11.57%	11.63%
15 Interest earning Assets	25,809,947,587	26,069,696,227
16 Non-interest earning Assets	1,571,347,481	1,514,864,699
17 Return on Investment (ROI)	19.96%	59.42%
18 Return on Assets (ROA)	-12.39%	-29.30%
19 Income from Investment	1,190,794	5,213,208
20 Earnings per Share	(20.45)	(48.73)
21 Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (Restated-2022)	(102.46)	(82.01)
22 Price Earnings Ratio (Times)	(0.12)	(0.07)

Phoenix Finance & Investments Limited

Fixed Assets Schedule

As on December 31, 2025

Annexure-A

PARTICULARS	Cost			Rate %	Depreciation				WDV as on 31.12.2025
	Balance as on 01.01.2025	Addition during the year	Adj. during the year	Balance as on 31.12.2025	Balance as on 01.01.2025	Charged during the year	Adjustment during the year	Balance as on 31.12.2025	
Air Conditioner	11,192,757	-	460,263	10,732,494	10,289,044	673,706	460,263	10,502,487	230,007
Building	541,553,742	-	-	541,553,742	377,359,246	27,077,688	-	404,436,934	137,116,808
Computer & Projector Electrical & Office Equipment	32,609,703	979,335	681,873	32,907,165	12,521,619	4,523,065	682,147	16,362,537	16,544,628
Flat	4,340,060	339,181	512,501	4,166,740	4,294,085	37,158	512,500	3,818,743	347,997
Furniture & Fixture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Furniture & Fixture	14,589,924	-	376,100	14,213,824	13,797,888	228,679	376,100	13,650,467	563,357
Land	430,727,500	-	-	430,727,500	-	-	-	-	430,727,500
Machinery Lease	215,460,427	-	-	215,460,427	215,460,414	-	-	215,460,414	13
Motor Vehicle	28,303,085	-	-	28,303,085	25,544,404	2,675,265	-	28,219,669	83,416
Office Decoration	41,028,343	1,782,500	1,537,012	41,273,831	38,321,280	2,159,859	1,537,012	38,944,127	2,329,704
Telephone & Fax	510,520	-	59,500	451,020	505,015	3,603	59,500	449,118	1,902
Total 2025	1,320,316,061	3,101,016	3,627,249	1,319,789,828	698,092,995	37,379,023	3,627,522	731,844,496	587,945,332
Total 2024	1,310,239,061	17,512,670	7,435,670	1,320,316,061	668,674,666	36,853,998	7,435,669	698,092,995	622,223,066

